

## AIR FORCE RESEARCH LABORATORY



# ATMOSPHERIC CHEMISTRY FOR DISPERSION MODELING SUPPORT

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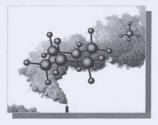


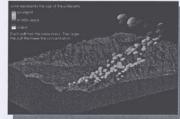
#### Introduction



- Relevance of Atmospheric Chemistry
  - OH and NO<sub>3</sub> radicals
  - Transformations of volatile organic compounds
  - Effects on chemical composition and concentration within a dispersion plume
- Importance of Laboratory Data
  - Accurate rate constants & reaction mechanisms
  - Improve or verify dispersion model
  - Improve detection schemes & source location





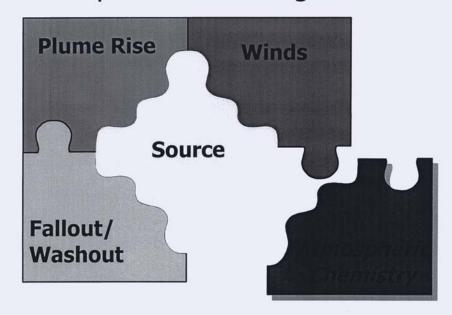


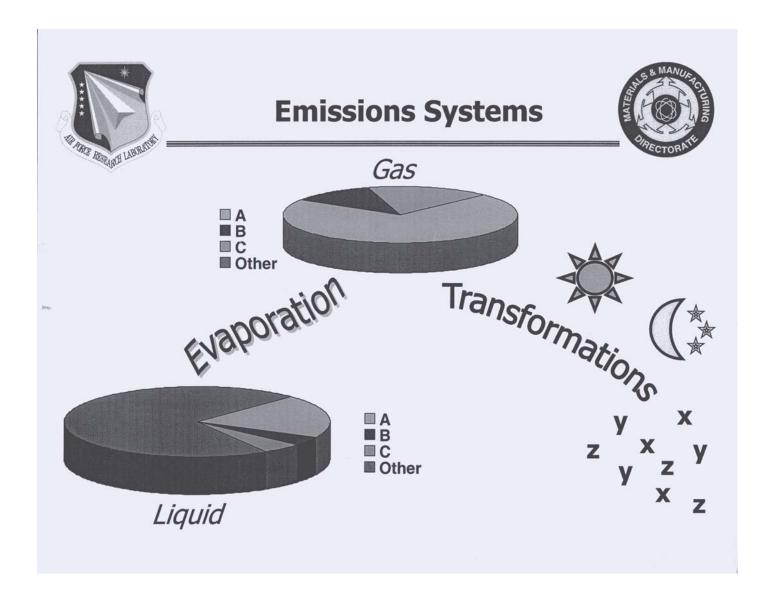


## **Air Team Helps Complete the Picture**



#### **Dispersion Modeling**

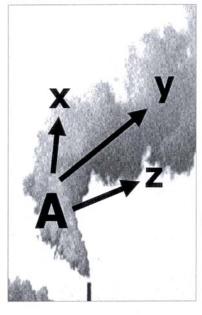






#### **Understanding Emissions**





- How quickly does the concentration of "A" change due to reactions?
- What products does "A" form in these reactions?

Air Team Answers with expertise in:
Kinetics
Mechanisms
Day and Nighttime Chemistries



#### **Applications**



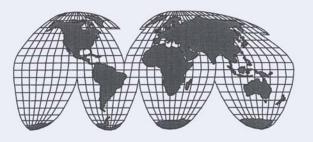
### Modeling Support



**CBW Defense** 



Counterproliferation



**TIMs** 





## Pertinent Radical Formation Reactions



#### **OH Radical**

$$O_3 + hv \longrightarrow O(^1D) + O_2$$
  
 $O(^1D) + H_2O \longrightarrow 2 OH$   
 $RH + OH \longrightarrow R + H_2O$ 

#### NO<sub>3</sub> Radical

$$NO_2 + O_3 \longrightarrow NO_3 + O_2$$
  
 $NO_2 + NO_3 \longrightarrow N_2O_5$   
 $RH + NO_3 \longrightarrow R + HNO_3$ 



#### **Reactive Species Data**

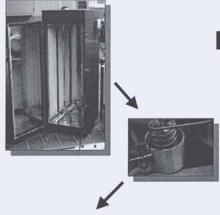


SPECIES	CONC (molc/cm³)	DAY/NIGHT	HC RATE (cm³/molc sec)
ОН	<b>10</b> <sup>6</sup>	day	10 <sup>-10</sup> to 10 <sup>-15</sup>
NO <sub>3</sub>	<b>10</b> <sup>9</sup>	night	10 <sup>-11</sup> to 10 <sup>-19</sup>
O <sub>3</sub>	1012	both	10 <sup>-15</sup> to 10 <sup>-20</sup>



#### **Air Team Products**





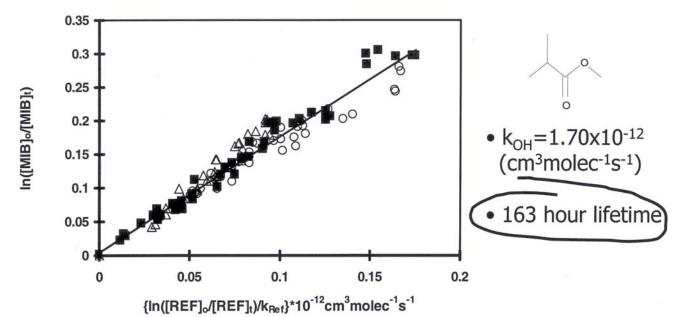
#### **Experts in...**

- Determining OH and NO<sub>3</sub> reaction rate constants
- Identifying products and yield
- Elucidating reaction mechanisms



#### Hydroxyl Radical Rate Constant for Methyl Isobutyrate

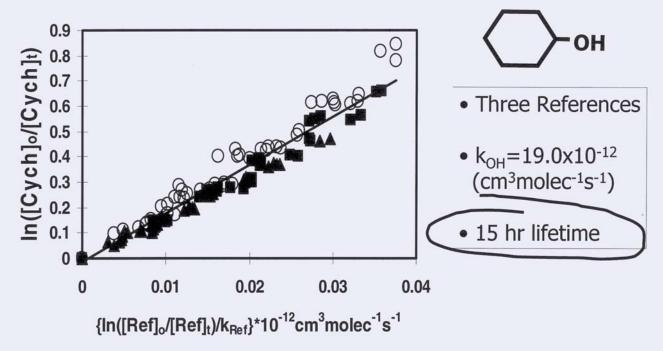






#### Hydroxyl Radical Rate Constant for Cyclohexanol

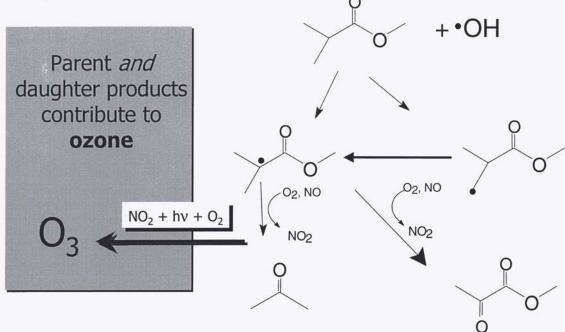






#### Atmospheric Transformation Mechanism for MIB





Acetone, 97%

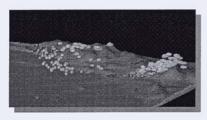
Methyl pyruvate, 3%



#### **SUMMARY**



#### Air Team has unique capabilities that:

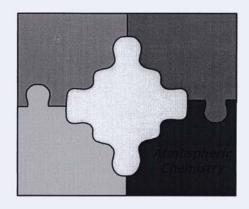


Improve atmospheric dispersion model inputs



- Result in more accurate source location and identification
- Lead to more effective detection, response and decontamination





**Completing the picture with Atmospheric Chemistry**