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BP Prepares to Take New Tack on Leak After 'Top Kill' Fails

By LESLIE KAUFMAN and CLIFFORD KRAUSS

NEW ORLEANS — In another serious setback in the effort to stem the flow of oil gushing from a well a mile beneath the Gulf of Mexico, BP engineers said Saturday that the "top kill" technique had failed and, after consultation with government officials, they had decided to move on to another strategy.

Doug Suttles, BP's chief operating officer for exploration and production, said at a news conference that the engineers would try once again to solve the problem with a containment cap and that it could take four to seven days for the device to be in place.

"After three full days of attempting top kill, we now believe it is time to move on to the next of our options," Mr. Suttles said.

The abandonment of the top kill technique, the most ambitious effort yet to plug the well, was the latest in a series of failures. First, BP failed in efforts to repair a blowout preventer with submarine robots. Then its initial efforts to cap the well with a containment dome failed when it became clogged with a frothy mix of frigid water and gas. Efforts to use a hose to gather escaping oil have managed to catch only a fraction of the spill.

BP has started work on two relief wells, but officials have said that they will not be completed until August — further contributing to what is already the worst oil spill in United States history.

The latest failure will undoubtedly put more pressure — both politically and from the public — on the Obama administration to take some sort of action, perhaps taking control of the repair effort completely from BP.

President Obama, who is spending the Memorial Day weekend in Chicago, issued a statement Saturday evening on the decision to abandon the top kill.

"While we initially received optimistic reports about the procedure, it is now clear that it has not worked," Mr. Obama said.

He said that Rear Adm. Mary E. Landry of the Coast Guard had "directed BP to launch a new procedure whereby the riser pipe will be cut and a containment structure fitted over the leak."

"This approach is not without risk and has never been attempted before at this depth," Mr. Obama said. "That is why it was not activated until other methods had been exhausted."

The president continued, "We will continue to pursue any and all responsible means of stopping this leak until the completion of the two relief wells currently being drilled."

For BP, the besieged British company, the failure could mean billions of dollars of additional liabilities, as the spill potentially worsens in the weeks and months ahead.

"I am disappointed that this operation did not work," Tony Hayward, chief executive of BP, said in a statement. "We remain committed to doing everything we can to make this situation right."

A technician who has been working on the project to stem the oil leak said Saturday that neither the top kill nor the "junk shot" came close to succeeding because the pressure of oil and gas escaping from the well was simply too powerful to overcome. He added that engineers never had a complete enough understanding of the inner workings of drill pipe casing or blowout preventer mechanisms to make the efforts work.

"Simply too much of what we pumped in was escaping," said the technician, who spoke on condition of remaining unnamed because he is not authorized to speak publicly for the company.

"The engineers are disappointed, and management is upset," said the technician. "Nothing is good, nothing is good."

The spill began after the Deepwater Horizon drilling rig exploded on April 20, killing 11 people. Since then, it has dumped an estimated 18 million to 40 million gallons into the gulf.

After the announcement Saturday, the disappointment was palpable along the Louisiana shoreline, where the oil has increasingly washed up in sticky, rusty globs.

Michel Claudet, the president of Terrebonne Parish, 60 miles southwest of New Orleans, said that when he heard the news, he felt "sorrow, despair and like this ordeal will never finish. If you go around the parish, it is all our folks talk about."

Mr. Claudet said that he was trying to remain hopeful, but that it was increasingly difficult. "As

every item fails," he said, "I am less and less optimistic."

In New Orleans, Margaret Shockey, 67, a retired teacher, said, "One thing's for sure, this is the last city that deserved this."

Last week, BP described the top kill — which was an effort to pump heavy mud into the well to counter the flow of oil — as its best hope for stopping the spill. During the course of the operation, BP officials had often expressed optimism that it would work.

But on Saturday, Mr. Suttles said the operation had pumped 30,000 barrels of mud into the well and yet failed to stop it from flowing.

Admiral Landry called the failure "very disappointing."

The new strategy is to smoothly cut the riser from which the oil is leaking and then place a cap over it. Pipes attached to the cap would take the oil to a storage boat on the surface.

Though a first effort at a containment dome failed, Mr. Suttles said BP had learned from that experience and now believed that this cap, which is custom fitted to the riser, would be more successful.

He said it would capture most but not all of the oil leaking from the well, which is believed to be gushing 12,000 to 19,000 barrels a day.

He would not give odds for the operation's success, but said he had "a lot of confidence" that it would work.

Earlier in the day, Mr. Suttles said preparations for such an alternative plan were already under way, just in case. "That equipment is on stage and ready to go," he said. Equipment is being deployed on land and on the seabed, he said.

If the new cap is not successful, the company has said it will look into attaching another blowout preventer to the one that already exists at the wellhead and has not functioned.

But officials emphasized that the real solution to the spill was the relief well. They said one of the relief wells was currently proceeding ahead of schedule, but was still at least a month away.

"It's like a bad movie that just won't end," said Billy Altman, 45, a mechanic in New Orleans.

"You know, you think they finally killed the bad guy, and then he comes back to life. It's crazy."

Clifford Krauss reported from Houston, and Leslie Kaufman from New Orleans. Robbie Brown contributed from New Orleans. and Sarah Wheaton from New York.